## Amendment to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## 1. (Canceled)

## 2. (Withdrawn) A lamp holding assembly, comprising:

a first connection portion, having connection parts adapted for holding a truss-mounted lamp;

a second connection portion, having truss connection parts, including at least first and second spaced-apart truss connection parts, adapted for connecting to a supporting truss;

a selectively rotatable portion, connected between said first and second connection portions, allowing rotation between said first and second connection portions when in a loosened state, and preventing said rotation between said first and second connection portions when tightened; and

a graduated scale displaying an angle between said first and second connection portions, including at least a plurality of different angle values thereon.

- 3. (Withdrawn) An assembly as in claim 2, wherein said angle values represent a value between a pointing of the lamp and an extending direction of the truss.
- 4, (Withdrawn) An assembly as in claim 2, wherein said values include  $0^{\circ}$ ,  $45^{\circ}$  and  $90^{\circ}$ .
- 5. (Withdrawn) An assembly as in claim 2, further comprising a handle coupled to said second connection portion, allowing holding said second connection portion while attaching the second connection portion to the truss.
- 6. (Withdrawn) An assembly as in claim 5, wherein said second connection portion includes a handle running between said first and second spaced apart truss connection parts.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A method, comprising:

determining mounting a plurality of truss mounted lamps which will be controlled as a group so in a way such that each of said lamps is controlled by a common control command to move and alter the direction in which a pointing of a the group of the lamps is pointing, where all the lamps are pointing in a common direction;

attaching each of said truss mounted lamps of the group to supporting trusses, wherein at least one of said supporting trusses extends in a different direction than another of said supporting trusses;

using a graduated scale to adjust a base position of each lamp to point in the same direction, wherein at least one value on one graduated scale of one of the lamps is different than a value on a graduated scale than another one of the lamps by an amount set on said graduated scale; and

controlling the group of lamps as a group using a common control, to move commonly based on said common control, and as though each lamp was mounted oriented as facing in the same direction.

8. (Previously Presented) A method as in claim 7, wherein said truss mounted lamps are formed on a bracket which includes a truss mounted portion and a linear

mounted portion, and said using comprises moving a truss mounted portion of the

bracket relative to said lamp-mounted portion.

9. (Previously Presented) A method as in claim 8, further comprising securing said

truss mounting portion relative to said lamps mounting portion after adjusting the

lamp.

10. (Currently Amended) A method, comprising:

attaching a plurality of lamps to a plurality of trusses wherein at least one of said trusses extends in a different direction than another of said trusses;

loosening the connection between a connection to the truss and a connection to the lamp;

adjusting an angle between the connection to the truss and the connection to the lamp for each of the plurality of lamps; and

subsequently tightening the connection between the connection to the truss and the connection to the lamp; and

controlling <u>different lamps in</u> the group of lamps as a group using a eommon control, to move commonly based on said common control, and as

though each of the plurality of lamps was mounted oriented as facing in the same direction.

- 11. (Previously Presented) A method as in claim 10, wherein said adjusting comprises adjusting each of the plurality of lamps to point in the same direction in their basic state.
- 1L. (Previously Presented) A method as in claim 10, further comprising controlling the plurality of lamps as a group which are all controlled to point in the same direction.
- 13. (Previously Presented) A method as in claim 10, further comprising, prior to said attaching, maintaining the lamps in a reset position.
- 14. (Previously Presented) A method as in claim 10, further comprising limiting an amount of adjustment in said adjusting to an amount which prevents cables from being overtwisted.